

ISOMAG™

The friendly magmeter

MS 1000

WAFER TYPE SENSOR



"WAFER" TYPE SENSOR SUITABLE FOR SEVERAL FLANGE TYPES

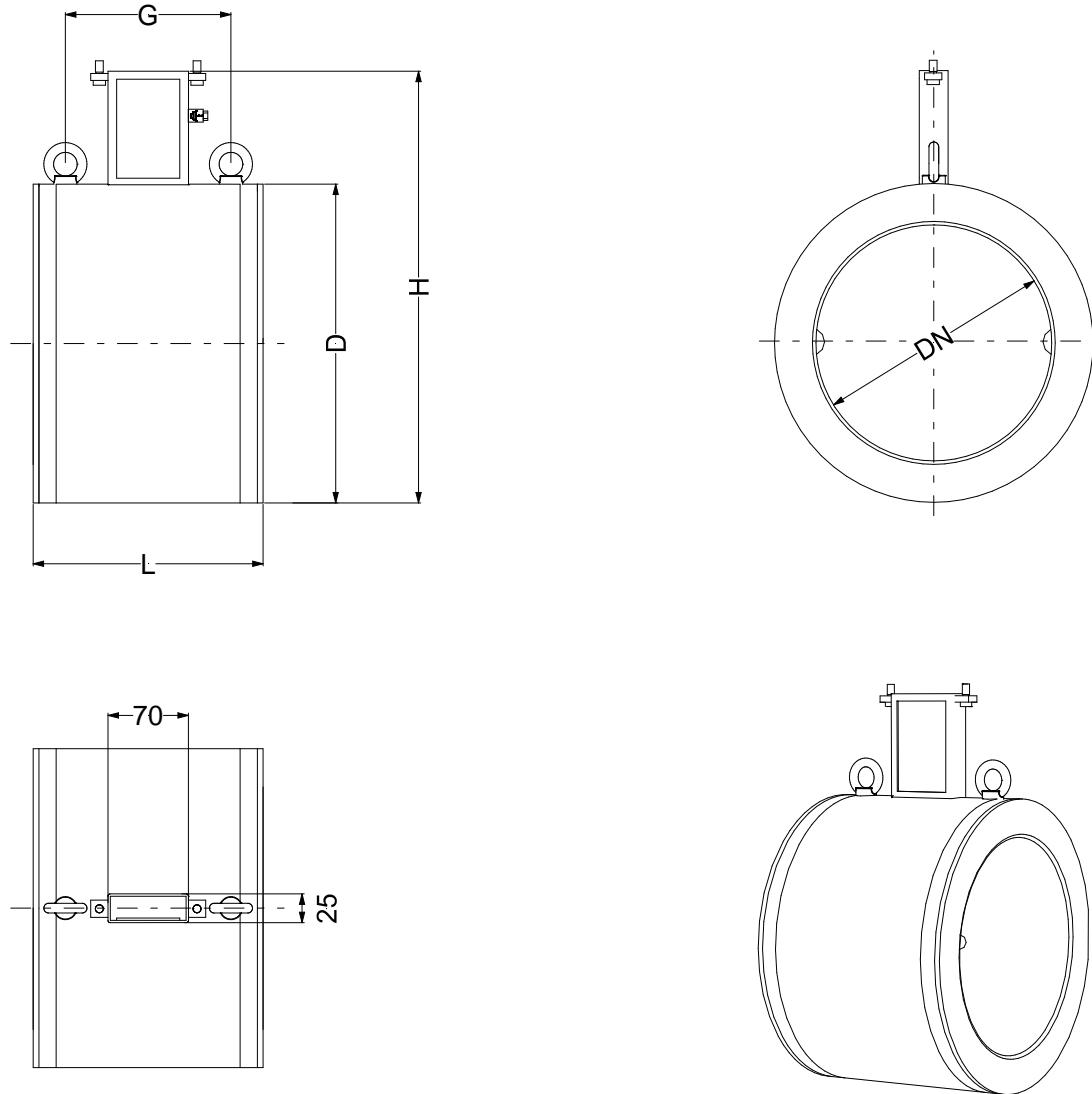
Warranty conditions are available on this website:
www.isomag.eu only in English version

ISOIL INDUSTRIA
The solutions that count

TECHNICAL DATA

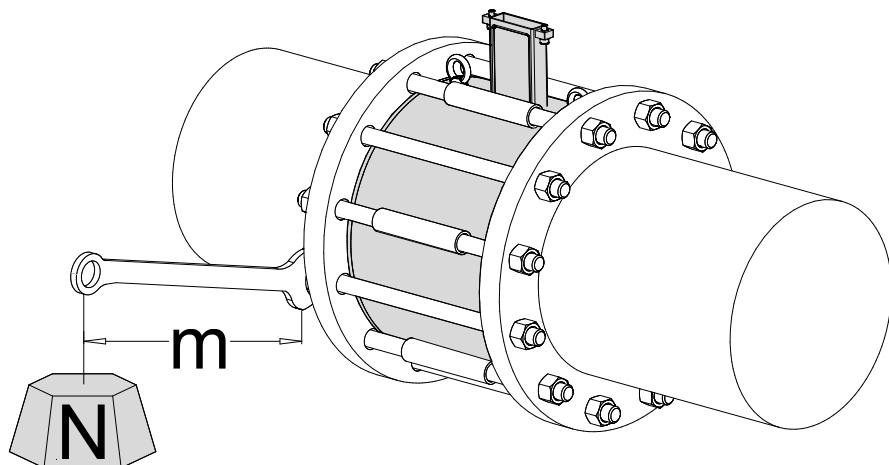
Body material	<input type="checkbox"/> Carbon steel painted <input type="checkbox"/> Stainless steel AISI 304/316 (optional)
Nominal diameter	<input type="checkbox"/> DN 25 ÷ 400
Nominal pressure	<input type="checkbox"/> 1600 kPa : all with PP and Ebonite lining <input type="checkbox"/> 4000 kPa : PTFE lining up to DN 150
Process connection	<input type="checkbox"/> Wafer Type
Liquid temperature	<input type="checkbox"/> 0 °C ÷ 60 °C with PP lining <input type="checkbox"/> 0 °C ÷ 80 °C with Ebonite lining <input type="checkbox"/> -20 ÷ 100 °C with PTFE lining in compact version <input type="checkbox"/> -20°C ÷ 130°C with PTFE lining in separate version* *Contact the factory for higher temperature
Vacuum resistance	<input type="checkbox"/> 20 Kpa at 100 °C
Lining material	<input type="checkbox"/> Polypropylene (max PN 16 for DN 25÷150) <input type="checkbox"/> Ebonite (DN 200 – 400) <input type="checkbox"/> PTFE (DN 25 – 150) <input type="checkbox"/> Other on request
Gasket material	<input type="checkbox"/> No gasket with PTFE-EBONITE lining <input type="checkbox"/> FPM or EPDM with Polypropylene lining
Electrode material	<input type="checkbox"/> Stainless steel AISI 316L <input type="checkbox"/> Hastelloy C 276 <input type="checkbox"/> Platinum-rhodium 90-10 <input type="checkbox"/> Titanium <input type="checkbox"/> Tantalum <input type="checkbox"/> Others on request
Version – protection rating	<input type="checkbox"/> Compact version – IP 67 <input type="checkbox"/> Separate version (max 20m) – IP 68 <input type="checkbox"/> Separate version (max 500 m), with preamplifier – IP 67 (OPT. IP 68)
Accuracy	<input type="checkbox"/> See table below

OVERALL DIMENSIONS



DIMENSIONS mm (inches)	ND													
	25 (1")	32 (1" 1/4")	40 (1" 1/2")	50 (2")	65 (2" 1/2")	80 (3")	100 (4")	125 (5")	150 (6")	200 (8")	250 (10")	300 (12")	350 (14")	400 (16")
L	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-3 (-0.12)	'+0 '-5 (-0.20)	'+0 '-5 (-0.20)	'+0 '-5 (-0.20)
H	147 (5.79)	153 (6.02)	161 (6.34)	177 (6.97)	199 (7.83)	209 (8.23)	235 (9.25)	263 (10.35)	291 (11.46)	362 (14.25)	417 (16.42)	467 (18.39)	527 (20.75)	579 (22.80)
D	56 (2.20)	62 (2.44)	70 (2.76)	86 (3.39)	108 (4.25)	118 (4.65)	144 (5.67)	172 (6.77)	200 (7.87)	271 (10.67)	326 (12.83)	376 (14.80)	436 (17.17)	488 (19.21)
G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	144 (5.67)	194 (7.64)	244 (9.60)	294 (11.57)	344 (13.54)
Weight kg (lbs)	1.2 (2.64)	1.6 (3.52)	1.8 (3.96)	2 (4.4)	3.6 (7.92)	3.8 (8.36)	5 (11)	7.8 (17.16)	8.2 (18)	18.2 (40)	24 (53)	27 (59)	32 (70)	39 (86)
Usable flanges	PN10, PN16, PN25, PN40, ANSI150, ANSI300										PN10, PN16, ANSI150			

TORQUES (Nm)

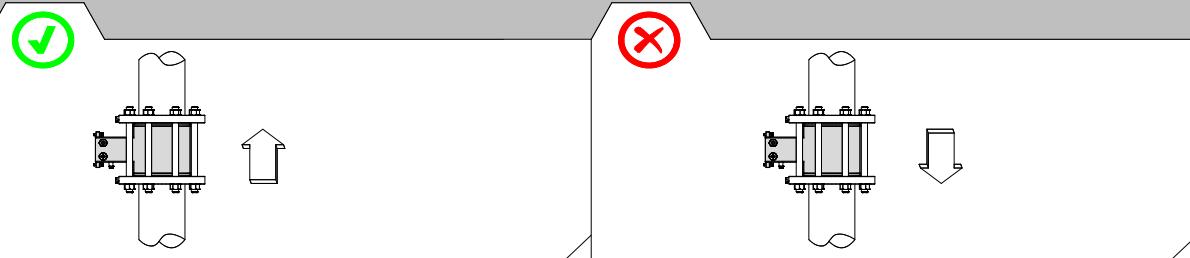


OPERATING PRESSURE										
Kpa	1000		1600			2500		4000		6400
psi	140		260			350		600		1000
DN	PTFE	EBON.	PTFE	EBON.	PP	PTFE	EBON.	PTFE	EBON.	EBON.
25			25		19	25		25		39
32			43		28	43		43		53
40			53		36	53		53		72
50			68		52	68		68		81
65			90		75	45		45		58
80			53		41	53		53		62
100			59		56	83		83		87
125			77		71	112		112		148
150			108		106	135		135		217
200	148	123		82			112		149	233
250	123	103		117			170		223	321
300	142	119		146			168		232	317
350	172	143		171			270		352	481
400	217	181		235			355		516	623

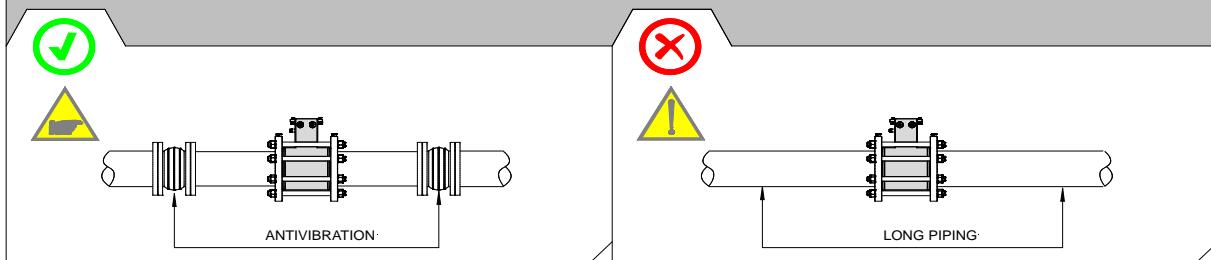
- Tighten uniformly in diagonally opposite sequence
- The torque listed in the tab is applicable to the following flanges types:
EN1092-1, DIN 2501, BS 4504, ANSI B16.5 , JIS
- The use of gaskets DIN 2690 is recommended

INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS

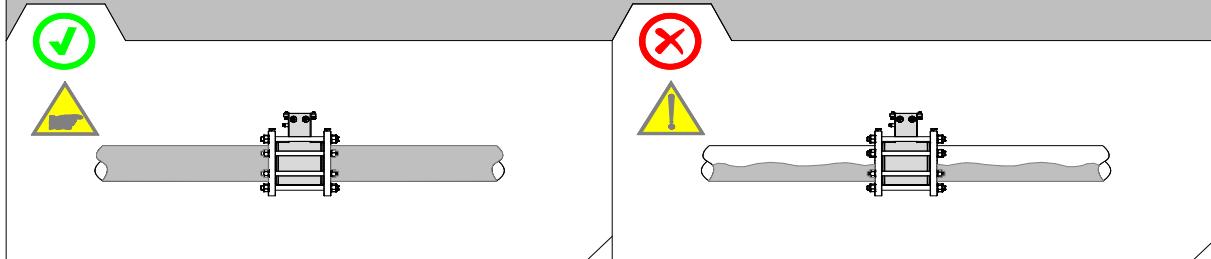
In vertical installations an ascending flow is preferable. For vertical installations with descending flow direction contact the manufacturer



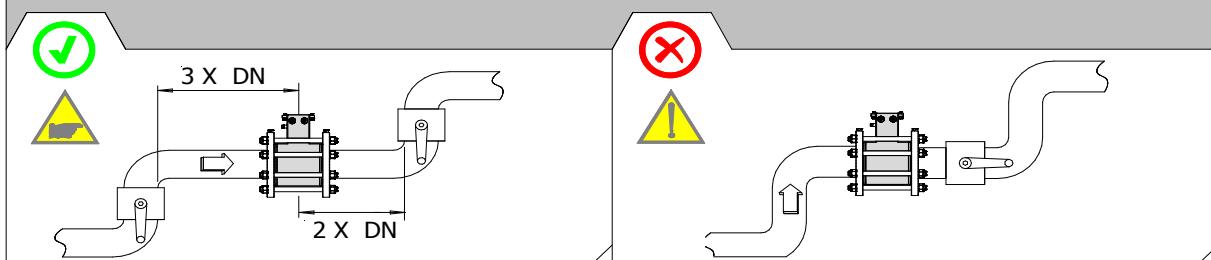
For installations in long pipe lines, please use anti vibration joints



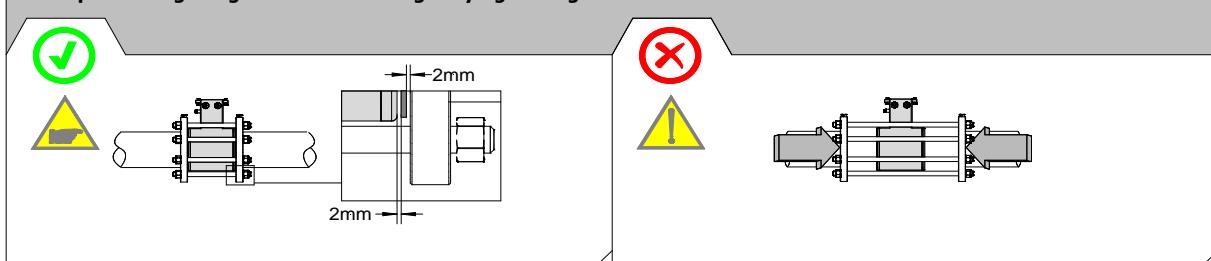
Avoid a partially empty pipe, during operation the pipe must be either completely full of liquid or completely empty



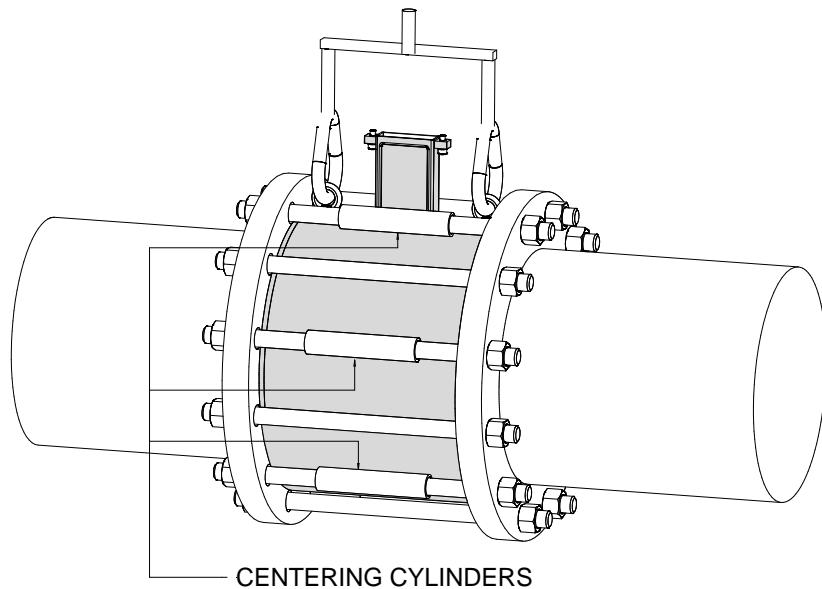
Install the sensor away from bends and hydraulic accessories



Avoid positioning flange and counter flanges by tightening the nuts.



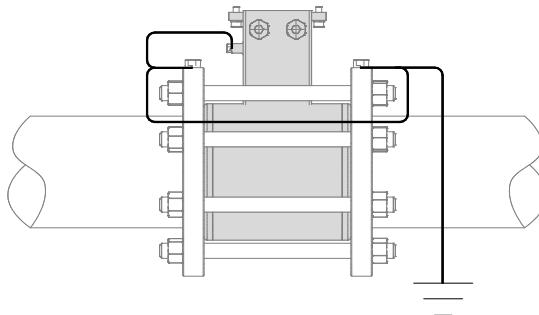
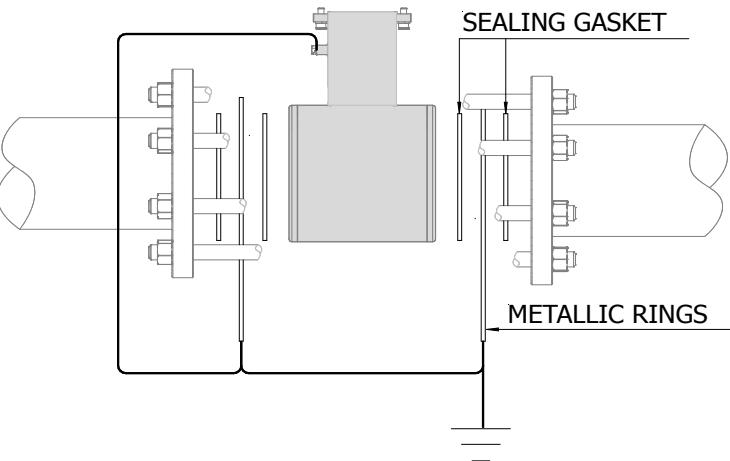
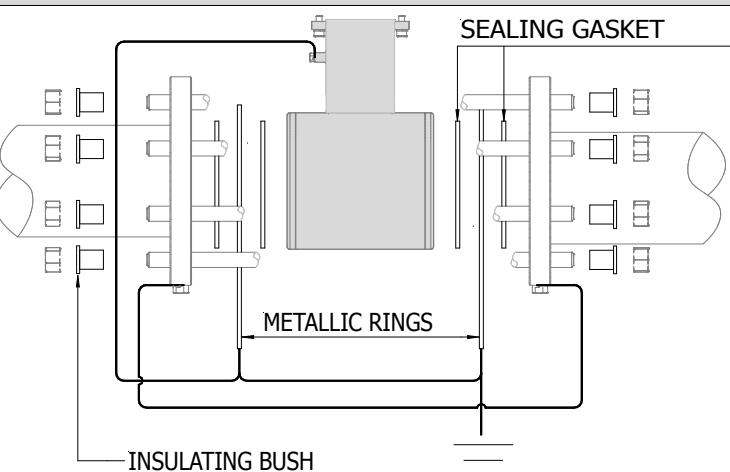
RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION METHOD

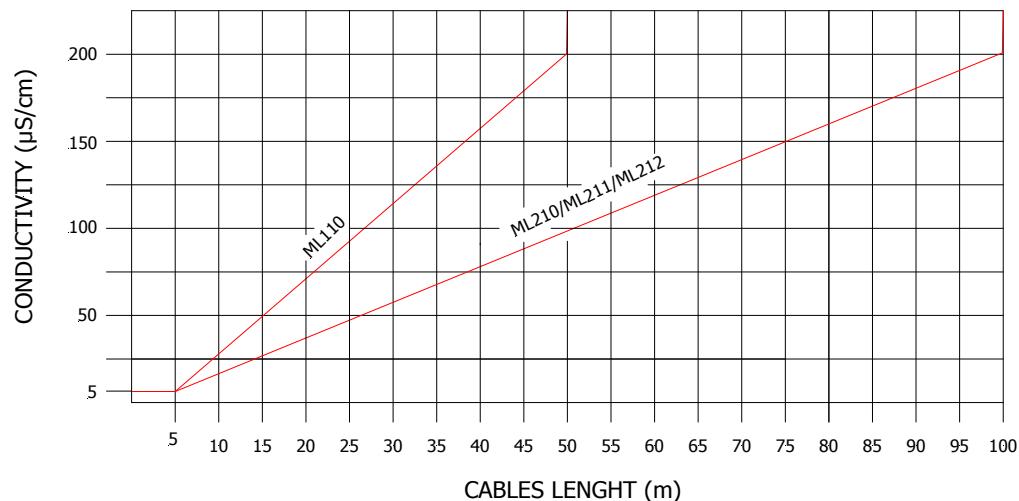
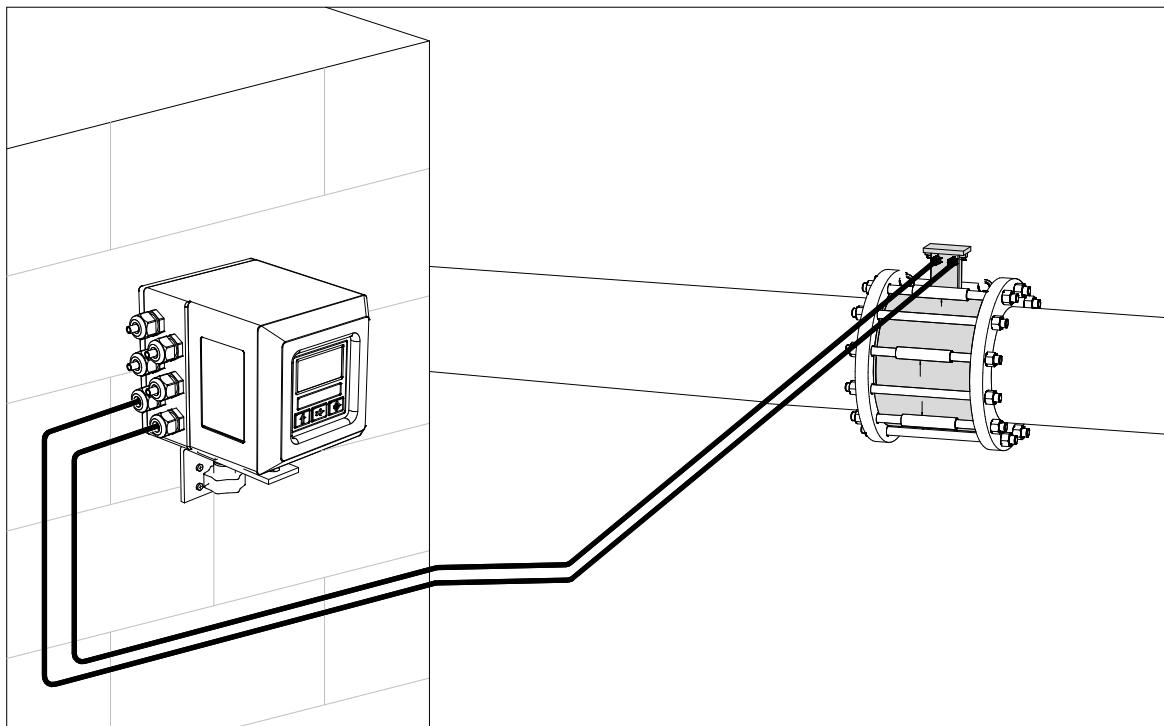


In order to help the installation the DN > 150 they are equipped with appropriate eyebolts to lift the sensor according to the above illustrated method

- The eyebolts support the only weight of the meter
- For sensor MS 1000 we recommend the use of centring cylinders

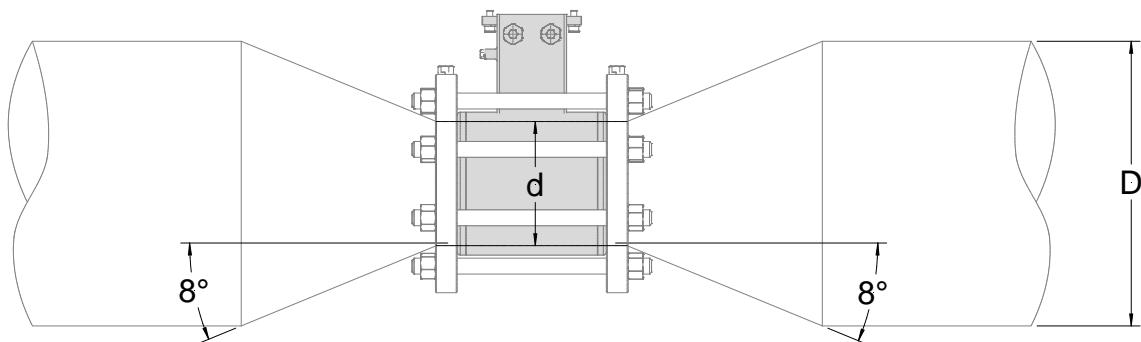
SENSOR GROUNDING

METALLIC PIPE 	
INSULATED PIPE 	<p>If the sensor has to be installed in a pipe made of an insulating material, the following are necessary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Inserting two metallic rings between the sensor flanges and the pipe line counter flanges <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Using a sensor with the additional grounding electrode
PIPE WITH CATHODIC PROTECTION 	<p>If the sensor has to be installed in the pipe with a cathodic protection, the following are necessary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - using insulating bushes to isolate the bolts - Metallic grounding rings should be provided to ground the liquid using insulating gasket between the rings

SEPARATE VERSION**Notes:**

- It is recommended to install the connection cables away from, or protect against sources of electromagnetic noise.
- The minimum conductivity of the liquid medium to ensure correct functionality of the empty pipe detection is 20 µS/cm

PRESSURE LOSS CALCULATION (CONES 8° ANGLES)



$$\Delta p = \left[0.10 + 0.20 \left(\left(\frac{d}{D} \right)^{-2} - 1 \right)^2 \left(\frac{d}{D} \right)^4 \right] \left(\rho \frac{u^2}{2} \right)$$

Where:

Δp = Pressure loss in [Pa]

ρ = Fluid density [kg/m^3] typical value $\rho = 1000[\text{kg}/\text{m}^3]$

d = sensor diameter [m]

D = pipe diameter (greater than sensor diameter) [m]

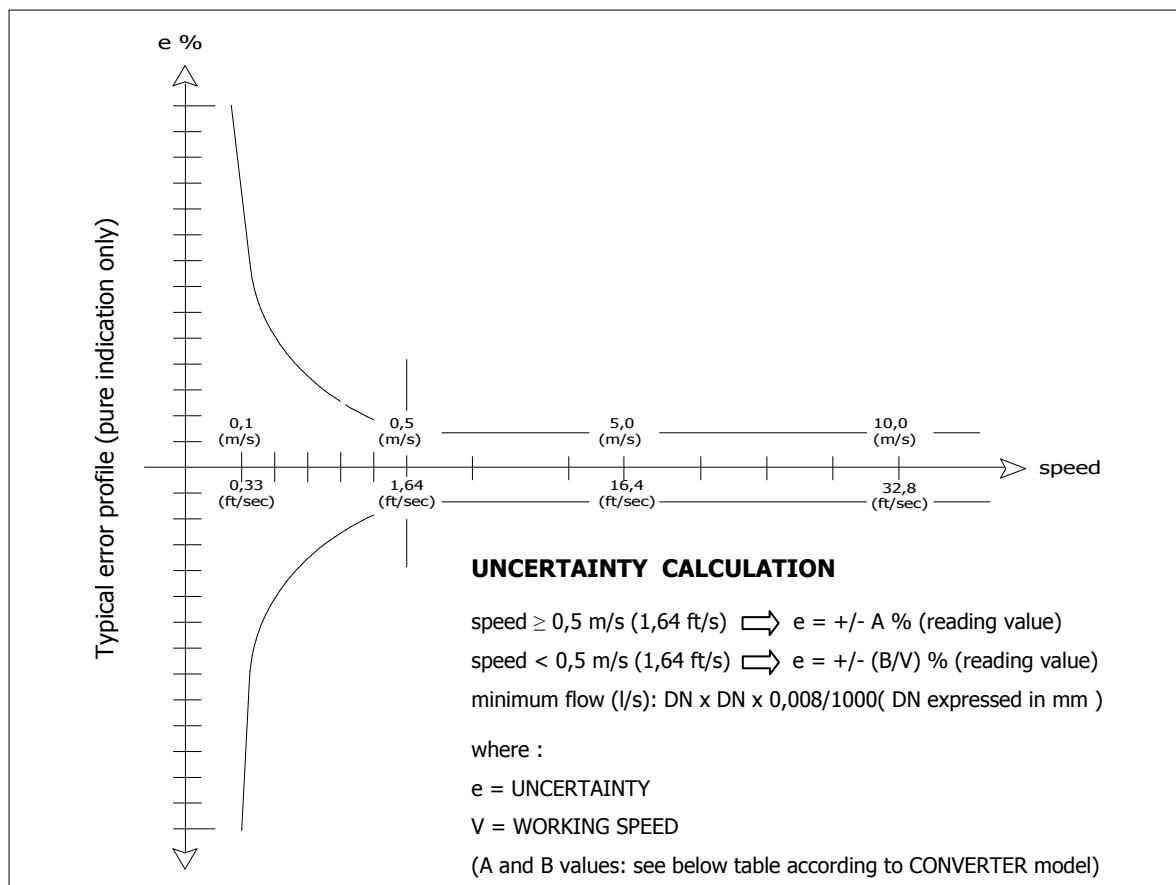
u = Mean flow velocity in sensor diameter [m/s]

Calculation examples Δp [mbar]								
$\frac{u}{d/D}$	1 [m/s]	2 [m/s]	3 [m/s]	4 [m/s]	5 [m/s]	6 [m/s]	7 [m/s]	8 [m/s]
0.5	1.1	4.3	9.6	17.0	26.6	38.3	52.1	68.0
0.6	0.9	3.6	8.2	14.6	22.7	32.7	44.6	58.2
0.7	0.8	3.0	6.8	12.2	19.0	27.4	37.2	48.6
0.8	0.6	2.5	5.7	10.1	15.7	22.7	30.9	40.3
0.9	0.5	2.1	4.8	8.6	13.4	19.3	26.3	34.3

Note :

- $\rho = 1000[\text{kg}/\text{m}^3]$ as goodness approximation of water density in common use.
- Inner diameter of sensor is used for d , express in meters.
- Indeed pressure loss equation is dimensionally correct in [Pa]. The equation results in table are show in [mbar].

ACCURACY TABLE



AC/DC POWERED CONVERTERS

ML 51			ML 110 - STD			ML 110 - SA*			ML210/211/212			ML4F1		
A	B (m/s)	B (ft/s)	A	B (m/s)	B (ft/s)	A	B (m/s)	B (ft/s)	A	B (m/s)	B (ft/s)	A	B (m/s)	B (ft/s)
0,5	0,25	0,82	0,8	0,4	1,31	0,4	0,2	0,66	0,2	0,1	0,33	0,2	0,1	0,33

* SPECIAL ACCURACY

FLOWIZ™ BATTERY POWERED CONVERTERS

ML 250			ML 252		
A	B (m/s)	B (ft/s)	A	B (m/s)	B (ft/s)
0,5	0,25	0,82	0,5	0,25	0,82

Reference conditions:

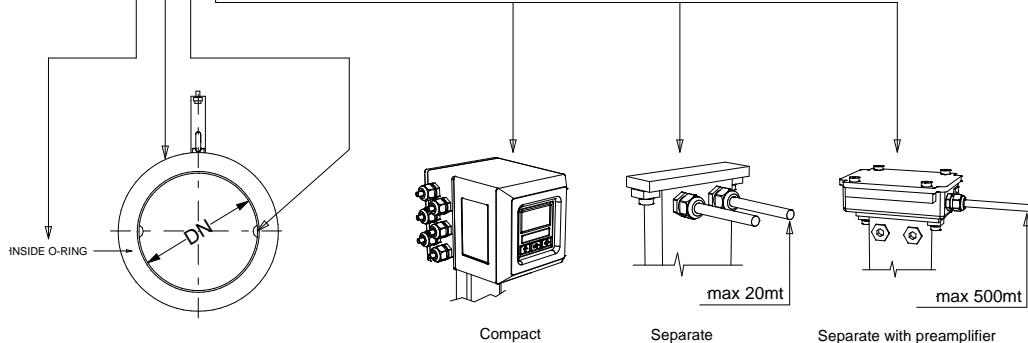
- Constant flow rate during the test
- Pressure: >30 Kpa
- Flow condition : fully developed flow profile
- Zero stability +/- 0,005 %

HOW TO ORDER

MS 1000		Nominal Diameter - Lining - Maximum temperature - Measuring range
T25	+ T150	From DN 25 (1") up to DN 150 (6"), PTFE lining, liquid maximum temperature 150 °C, Measuring range 0...0,72/0...648 m3/h
P25	+ P150	From DN 25 (1") up to DN 150 (6"), Polypropylene lining, liquid maximum temperature 60 °C, Measuring range 0...0,72/0...640 m3/h
E200	+ E400	From DN 200 (8") up to DN 400 (16"), Ebonite lining, liquid maximum temperature 80 °C, Measuring range 0..45,2/0..4500 m3/h
Gasket material (internal tightness, only for polypropylene lining)		
0	No O-Ring (ONLY FOR PTFE/EBONITE LINING)	
1	O-Ring : FPM	
2	O-Ring : Epdm	
9	Other	
Body material		
A	Body in carbon steel ,RAL6028 painted	
B	Body in AISI304 (only with PTFE lining)	
C	Body in AISI316 (only with PTFE lining)	
Z	Other	
Number and electrodes material		
1	n. 2 measure electrodes in AISI316	
2	n. 3 (2 measure + 1 for ground) electrodes in AISI316	
4	n. 3 (2 measure + 1 for ground) electrodes in Hastelloy C	
5	n. 3 (2 measure + 1 for ground) electrodes in Titanium	
6	n. 3 (2 measure + 1 for ground) electrodes in Tantalum; not available with Polypropylene	
7	n. 3 (2 measure + 1 for ground) electrodes in Platinum; not available with Polypropylene	
0	Other	
Version - Protection rate		
A	Compact version, IP67 protection rate, liquid maximum temperature 100 °C	
B	Separate version "C", maximum length see table, liquid maximum temperature 130 °C, protection rate IP68	
C	Separate version "L" (in Carbon Steel), with preamplifier (maximum length 500 m), liquid maximum temperature 100 °C, protection rate IP67	
D	Separate version "L" (in AISI304), with preamplifier (maximum length 500 m), liquid maximum temperature 100 °C, protection rate IP67	
E	Version with length and position of the neck of the Sensor to define according draw. G006 (valid for A-B-C-D versions, add the relative COST)	
F	Separate version with N° 2 connectors IP 68 suitable for C015/16 for fast cable connections (max 20 m-ADD THE COST)	
G	Separate version with N° 1 connectors IP 68 suitable for C018 for fast cable connections (max 20 m-ADD THE COST)	
H	Separate version with N° 1 connectors IP 68 suitable for C014 for fast cable connections TO PREAMPLIFIER IN CAR. STEEL(DEFINE THE CABLE LENGTH MAX 500 m-ADD THE COST)	
I	Separate version with N° 1 connectors IP 68 suitable for C014 for fast cable connections TO PREAMPLIFIER IN SS 304(DEFINE THE CABLE LENGTH MAX 500 m-ADD THE COST)	
M	Compact Version, IP67 protection rate , with the possibility to turn the converter 90°	

MS 1000 | T25 | 0 | A | 1 | A

EXAMPLE OF ORDER CODE



The manufacturer reserves the right to make design improvements without notice.